AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for synchronizing a <u>TCM Timing Reference</u> (TTR) clock during a <u>channel discovery phase</u> Channel Discovery Phase of a DSL service initialization operating in a <u>Time Compression Multiplexing</u> (TCM)-ISDN noise environment, the method comprising:
 - transmitting a C-COMB signal to a customer premises DSL transceiver during the channel discovery phase Channel Discovery Phase, the C-COMB signal including a TTR indication portion allowing the customer premises DSL transceiver to synchronize the [[a]] TTR clock; and during a quiet period of the channel Discovery Phase, transmitting a TTR indication signal to the customer premises DSL transceiver to maintain synchronization of the transceiver's TTR clock.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises at least one hyperframe that includes:
 - a first set of symbols for indicating the hyperframe boundary; and a second set of symbols having no signal for allowing quiet noise measurement.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the first set of symbols includes the first continuous group of symbols of the hyperframe dominated by far-end crosstalk interference.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises a COMB or inverted COMB signal transmitted during each of the first set of symbols.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises a REVERB signal transmitted during the first set of symbols.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the REVERB signal includes a range of sub-carriers selected in a frequency range low enough to avoid being attenuated when transmitted to the customer premises DSL transceiver.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising: measuring at least one quiet noise parameter during the second set of symbols.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the measured quiet noise parameter is quiet noise level per bin.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the measuring at least one quiet noise parameter is performed for symbols in the presence of far-end crosstalk or near-end crosstalk.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method for maintaining <u>TCM Timing Reference (TTR)</u> synchronization in a customer premises DSL transceiver during a <u>channel discovery phase</u>

 <u>Channel Discovery Phase</u> of a DSL service initialization operating in a <u>Time Compression</u>

 <u>Multiplexing (TCM)-ISDN</u> noise environment, the method comprising:
 - receiving a TTR indication signal from a central office DSL transceiver, the TTR indication signal comprising at least one hyperframe that includes a plurality of symbols, some of which contain no signal from the central office DSL transceiver, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises a COMB or inverted COMB signal;
 - using at least a portion of the TTR indication signal to synchronize a local TTR clock thereto; and
 - measuring a quiet noise parameter during symbols of the hyperframe in which no signal is received from the central office DSL transceiver.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises at least one hyperframe that includes:
 - a first set of symbols for indicating the hyperframe boundary; and a second set of symbols having no signal for allowing quiet noise measurement.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the first set of symbols includes the first continuous group of symbols of the hyperframe dominated by far-end crosstalk interference.

- 13. (Currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the TTR indication signal is comprises a COMB or inverted COMB signal transmitted during each of the first set of symbols.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises a REVERB signal transmitted during the first set of symbols.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the REVERB signal includes a range of sub-carriers selected in a frequency range low enough to avoid being attenuated when transmitted to the customer premises DSL transceiver.
 - 16. (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising: measuring at least one quiet noise parameter during the second set of symbols.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the measured quiet noise parameter is quiet noise level per bin.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the measuring at least one quiet noise parameter is performed for symbols in the presence of far-end crosstalk or near-end crosstalk.
- 19. (Currently amended) A central office DSL transceiver for maintaining synchronization of a customer premises <u>TCM Timing Reference</u> (TTR) clock during a <u>channel discovery phase</u> Channel Discovery Phase of a DSL service initialization operating in a <u>Time Compression Multiplexing</u> (TCM)-ISDN noise environment, the transceiver configured to perform the operations:
 - transmitting a C-COMB signal to a customer premises DSL transceiver during the channel discovery phase Channel Discovery Phase, the C-COMB signal including a TTR indication portion allowing the customer premises DSL transceiver to synchronize a TTR clock; and
 - during a quiet period of the <u>channel discovery phase</u> Channel Discovery Phase, transmitting a TTR indication signal to the customer premises DSL transceiver to maintain synchronization of the transceiver's TTR clock.

- 20. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 19, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises at least one hyperframe that includes:
 - a first set of symbols for indicating the hyperframe boundary; and
 - a second set of symbols having no signal for allowing quiet noise measurement.
- 21. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 20 wherein the first set of symbols includes the first continuous group of symbols of the hyperframe dominated by far-end crosstalk interference.
- 22. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 21, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises a COMB or inverted COMB signal transmitted during each of the first set of symbols.
- 23. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 21, wherein the TTR indication signal comprises a REVERB signal transmitted during the first set of symbols.
- 24. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 23, wherein the REVERB signal includes a range of sub-carriers selected in a frequency range low enough to avoid being attenuated when transmitted to the customer premises DSL transceiver.
- 25. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 20, the transceiver further configured to perform the operation:

measuring at least one quiet noise parameter during the second set of symbols.

- 26. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 25, wherein the measured quiet noise parameter is quiet noise level per bin.
- 27. (Currently amended) The <u>central office DSL</u> transceiver of claim 25, wherein the measuring at least one quiet noise parameter is performed for symbols in the presence of far-end crosstalk or near-end crosstalk.